

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (canceled)

2. (canceled)

3. (canceled)

4. (canceled)

5. (currently amended) A hyperspectral imager comprising:

a first optical sub-system;

at least one slit element;

said first optical sub-system being capable of imaging, onto said at least one slit element,
electromagnetic radiation emanating from a source;

a second optical sub-system;

said second optical sub-system being capable of substantially collimating, at a center
plane, electromagnetic radiation emanating from said at least one slit element;

at least one reflective dispersive element located substantially at the center plane;

said second optical sub-system also being capable of imaging, onto an image surface, the
electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element;

at least one detecting element located substantially at the image surface;

said at least one detecting element being capable of detecting dispersed electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element;

a first sub-housing;

at least one optical component from said first optical sub-system being positioned within said first sub-housing;

said first sub-housing defining a first interior longitudinal axis;

an optical axis of said at least one of optical component from said first optical sub-system being substantially coincident with said first interior longitudinal axis;

and,

a second sub-housing;

said at least one slit element and at least one optical component from said second optical sub-system being positioned within said second sub-housing;

said second sub-housing defining a second interior longitudinal axis;

an optical axis of said at least one of optical components from said second optical sub-system being substantially coincident with said second interior longitudinal

axis;

said second sub-housing being attached to said first sub-housing;

said second interior longitudinal axis being substantially coincident with said first interior longitudinal axis;

~~The hyperspectral imager of claim 4 further comprising:~~

~~a third sub-housing;~~

~~at least another optical component from said second optical sub-system and said at least one reflective dispersive element being positioned within said third sub-housing;~~

~~said third sub-housing defining a third interior longitudinal axis;~~

an optical axis of said at least another optical component from said second optical sub-system being substantially coincident with said third interior longitudinal axis;
said second sub-housing being attached to said third sub-housing;
said second interior longitudinal axis being substantially coincident with said third interior longitudinal axis.

6. (currently amended) The hyperspectral imager of claim [4] 5 wherein said second sub-housing is removably attached to said first sub-housing.

7. (original) The hyperspectral imager of claim 5 wherein said third sub-housing is removably attached to said second sub-housing.

8. (currently amended) The hyperspectral imager of claim [4] 5 wherein said at least one detecting element is positioned within said second sub-housing.

9. (canceled)

10. (canceled)

11. (canceled)

12. (canceled)

13. (currently amended) A hyperspectral imager comprising:

a first optical sub-system;

at least one slit element;

said first optical sub-system being capable of imaging, onto said at least one slit element, electromagnetic radiation emanating from a source;

a second optical sub-system;

said second optical sub-system being capable of substantially collimating, at a center

plane, electromagnetic radiation emanating from said at least one slit element;

at least one reflective dispersive element located substantially at the center plane;

said second optical sub-system also being capable of imaging, onto an image surface, the
electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element;

and,

at least one detecting element located substantially at the image surface;

said at least one detecting element being capable of detecting dispersed electromagnetic
radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element;

a redirecting optical element optically disposed between said second optical sub-system
and the image surface;

a first sub-housing;

at least one optical component from said first optical sub-system being positioned
within said first sub-housing;

said first sub-housing defining a first interior longitudinal axis;

an optical axis of said at least one of optical component from said first optical
sub-system being substantially coincident with said first interior longitudinal axis;

a second sub-housing;

said at least one slit element, said redirecting optical element and at least one
optical component from said second optical sub-system being positioned within
said second sub-housing;

said second sub-housing defining a second interior longitudinal axis;

an optical axis of said at least one of optical components from said second optical
sub-system being substantially coincident with said second interior longitudinal
axis;

said second sub-housing being attached to said first sub-housing;

said second interior longitudinal axis being substantially coincident with said first interior longitudinal axis;

~~The hyperspectral imager of claim 12 further comprising:~~

a third sub-housing;

at least another optical component from said second optical sub-system and said at least one reflective dispersive element being positioned within said third sub-housing;

said third sub-housing defining a third interior longitudinal axis;

an optical axis of said at least another optical component from said second optical sub-system being substantially coincident with said third interior longitudinal axis;

said second sub-housing being attached to said third sub-housing;

said second interior longitudinal axis being substantially coincident with said third interior longitudinal axis.

14. (currently amended) The hyperspectral imager of claim ~~12~~ 13 wherein said second sub-housing is removably attached to said first sub-housing.

15. (original) The hyperspectral imager of claim 13 wherein said third sub-housing is removably attached to said second sub-housing.

16. (currently amended) The hyperspectral imager of claim ~~12~~ 13 wherein said at least one detecting element is positioned within said second sub-housing.

17. (canceled)

18. (canceled)

19. (canceled)

20. (canceled)

21. (currently amended) A hyperspectral imager comprising:

a first optical sub-system;

at least one slit element;

said first optical sub-system being capable of imaging, onto said at least one slit element,

electromagnetic radiation emanating from a source;

a second optical sub-system;

said second optical sub-system being capable of substantially collimating, at a center

plane, electromagnetic radiation emanating from said at least one slit element;

at least one reflective dispersive element located substantially at the center plane;

said second optical sub-system also being capable of imaging, onto an image surface, the

electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element;

and,

at least one detecting element located substantially at the image surface;

said at least one detecting element being capable of detecting dispersed electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element;

a redirecting/transmitting optical element optically disposed between said second optical sub-system and the image surface;

said second optical system also being capable of imaging, onto another image surface, a

transmitted portion of the electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element; and,

at least one other detecting element located substantially at the another image surface;

a first sub-housing;

at least one optical component from said first optical sub-system being positioned within said first sub-housing;

said first sub-housing defining a first interior longitudinal axis;

an optical axis of said at least one of optical component from said first optical sub-system being substantially coincident with said first interior longitudinal axis;

a second sub-housing;

said at least one slit element, said redirecting/transmitting optical element and at least one optical component from said second optical sub-system being positioned within said second sub-housing;

said second sub-housing defining a second interior longitudinal axis;

an optical axis of said at least one of optical components from said second optical sub-system being substantially coincident with said second interior longitudinal axis;

said second sub-housing being attached to said first sub-housing;

said second interior longitudinal axis being substantially coincident with said first interior longitudinal axis;

~~The hyperspectral imager of claim 20 further comprising:~~

~~a third sub-housing;~~

~~at least another optical component from said second optical sub-system and said at least one reflective dispersive element being positioned within said third sub-housing ;~~

~~said third sub-housing defining a third interior longitudinal axis;~~

~~an optical axis of said at least another optical component from said second optical sub-system being substantially coincident with said third interior longitudinal axis;~~

~~said second sub-housing being attached to said third sub-housing;~~

~~said second interior longitudinal axis being substantially coincident with said third interior longitudinal axis.~~

22. (currently amended) The hyperspectral imager, of claim 20 21 wherein said second sub-housing is removably attached to said first sub-housing.

23. (original) The hyperspectral imager of claim 21 wherein said third sub-housing is removably attached to said second sub-housing.

24. (currently amended) The hyperspectral imager of claim ~~20~~ 21 wherein said at least one detecting element is positioned within said second sub-housing.

25. (currently amended) A hyperspectral imager comprising:

a first optical sub-system;

at least one slit element;

said first optical sub-system being capable of imaging, onto said at least one slit element, electromagnetic radiation emanating from a source;

a second optical sub-system;

said second optical sub-system being capable of substantially collimating, at a center plane, electromagnetic radiation emanating from said at least one slit element;

at least one reflective dispersive element located substantially at the center plane;

said second optical sub-system also being capable of imaging, onto an image surface, the electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element;

and,

at least one detecting element located substantially at the image surface;

said at least one detecting element being capable of detecting dispersed electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element,

~~The hyperspectral imager of claim 1~~ wherein said first optical sub-system is a catadioptric sub-system.

26. (canceled)

27. (canceled)

28. (canceled)

29. (canceled)

30. (new) The hyperspectral imager of claim 25 further comprising:

a redirecting/transmitting optical element optically disposed between said second optical sub-system and the image surface;

said second optical system also being capable of imaging, onto another image surface, a transmitted portion of the electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element; and,

at least one other detecting element located substantially at the another image surface.

31. (new) The hyperspectral imager of claim 30 wherein said first optical sub-system has a first optical axis; and,

said second optical sub-system has a second optical axis;

said second optical axis being substantially parallel to said first optical axis.

32. (new) The hyperspectral imager of claim 30 wherein said first optical sub-system has a first optical axis; and,

said second optical sub-system has a second optical axis;

said second optical axis being substantially coincident with said first optical axis.

33. (new) The hyperspectral imager of claim 30 further comprising:

a first sub-housing;

at least one optical component from said first optical sub-system being positioned within said first sub-housing;

said first sub-housing defining a first interior longitudinal axis;

an optical axis of said at least one of optical component from said first optical sub-system being substantially coincident with said first interior longitudinal axis;

a second sub-housing;

said at least one slit element, said redirecting/transmitting optical element and at least one optical component from said second optical sub-system being positioned within said second sub-housing;
said second sub-housing defining a second interior longitudinal axis;
an optical axis of said at least one of optical components from said second optical sub-system being substantially coincident with said second interior longitudinal axis;
said second sub-housing being attached to said first sub-housing;
said second interior longitudinal axis being substantially coincident with said first interior longitudinal axis.

34. (new) The hyperspectral imager of claim 30 wherein the electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element comprises at least two spectral bands of electromagnetic radiation.

35. (new) The hyperspectral imager of claim 33 wherein the transmitted portion of the electromagnetic radiation reflected from said at least one reflective dispersive element comprises one spectral band from the at least two spectral bands of electromagnetic radiation.

36. (new) The hyperspectral imager of claim 25 wherein said first optical sub-system has a first optical axis; and,
said second optical sub-system has a second optical axis;
said second optical axis being substantially parallel to said first optical axis.

37. (new) The hyperspectral imager of claim 25 wherein said first optical sub-system has a first optical axis; and,
said second optical sub-system has a second optical axis;
said second optical axis being substantially coincident with said first optical axis